

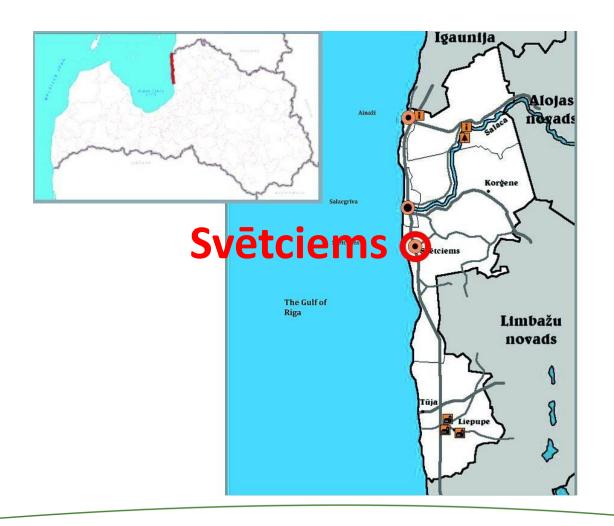
VillageWaters

VillageWaters WP3 workshop

Pilot evaluation - Svētciems

Loreta Urtāne, Aleksejs Pertsovs Univerity of Latvia (PP6)

Information about the pilot - situation







Information about the pilot - territory

- Definition of the territory: WWTP of Svētciems, Salacgrīva parish
- Water bodies on the territory: Svētupe river, salmonid waters
- Protected Areas: in territory of Northern Biosphere Reserve
- Owner: Salacgrīva Municipality
- Operator: Salacgrīva Ūdens, municipal utilities company



Information about the pilot – loads (1/3)

- Population of Svētciems as per 2016: 427
- Connected to municipal water supply system: 408
- Connected to municipal wastewater evacuation system: 361
- Public institutions:
 kindergarten 33 children, 9 nursery teachers
 library 2 librarians
- Industries: none
- Average water consumption: 85 l/person/day
- Daily hydraulic load on WWTP: 30.7 m³



Information about the pilot – loads (2/3)

Influent wastewater analyses March 2017

Pollutant	Concentration	Units of measure
BOD ₅	140	mg/l
COD	420	mg/l
Suspended solids	1 260	mg/l
N _{total}	56	mg/l
P _{total}	7.5	mg/l

Average Potable water consumption: 30.7 m³/day

Daily hydraulic load on WWTP: 41.6 m³/day



Information about the pilot – loads (3/3)

Daily load on WWTP, according to influent wastewater analyses March 2017

Pollutant	Concentration	Units of measure
BOD ₅	5.8	kg/day
COD	17.5	kg/day
Suspended solids	52.5	kg/day
N _{total}	2.3	kg/day
P _{total}	0.3	kg/day

Average Potable water consumption: 30.7 m³/day

Daily hydraulic load on WWTP: 41.6 m³/day

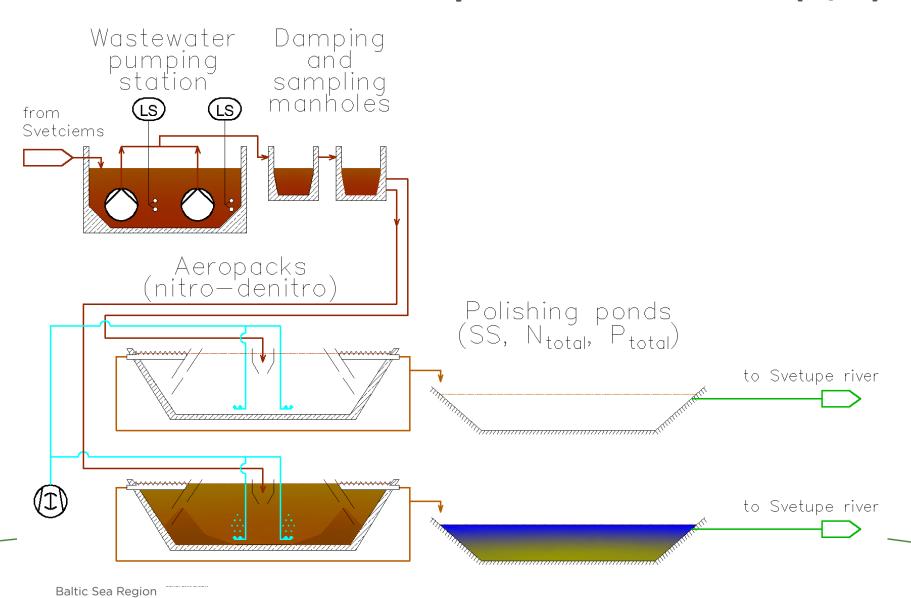


Information about the pilot – old WWTP (1/5)

- Year of construction: 1984, $Qn = 2 \times 100 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$
- Type of WWTP: 2 × BIO100 aeropacks + biological polishing ponds
- Treated water discharge: Svētupe river
- Power consumption: 123 kWh/day (air blower only)
- Processing of excessive sludge: evacuated to Salacgrīva WWTP



Information about the pilot – old WWTP (2/5)



VillageWaters

Information about the pilot – old WWTP (3/5)

Effluent water after aeropack, according to analyses March 2017 (mg/l)

Pollutant	Concentration after aeropack (mg/l)	Efficiency (%)
BOD ₅	72.8	48
COD	176.4	58
Suspended solids	264.6	79
N _{total}	42.56	24
P _{total}	6.8	9



Information about the pilot – old WWTP (4/5)

Effluent water after polishing pond, according to analyses March 2017 (mg/l)

Pollutant	Concentration after aeropack (mg/l)	Efficiency (%)
BOD ₅	3.4	95
COD	43	76
Suspended solids	5.2	98
N _{total}	3.6	92
P _{total}	4.3	37



Information about the pilot – old WWTP (5/5)

Comparing the efficiency of aeropacks and polishing pond

Pollutant	Efficiency of aeropack (%)	Efficiency of polishing pond (%)
BOD ₅	48	95
COD	58	76
Suspended solids	79	98
N _{total}	24	92
P _{total}	9	37



The problem

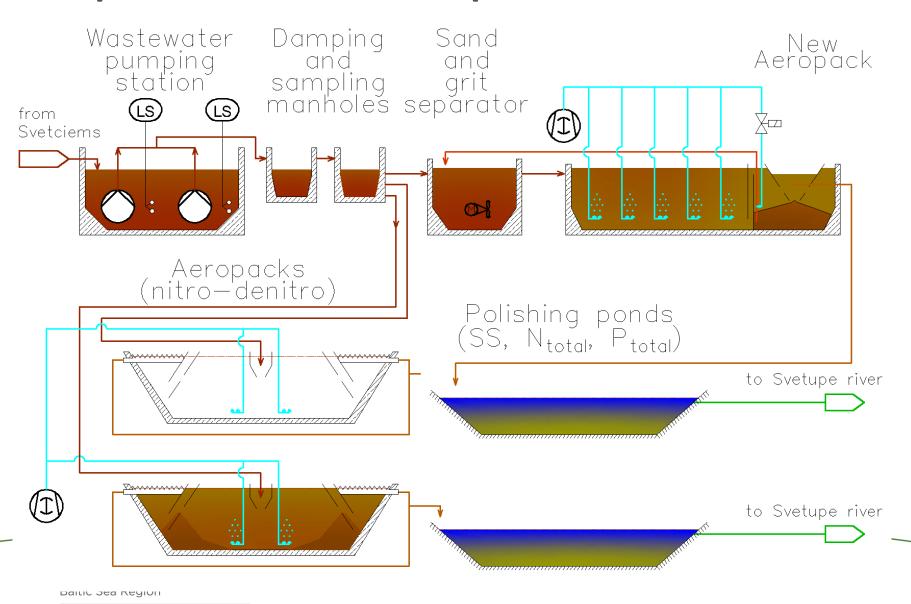
- Aeropack does not provide sufficient treatment efficiency
- Polishing pond is main treatment unit, it is overloaded and there is a big risk of one-shot flushing of the pollutants, collected in the pond to Svetupe river





Proposed solution – step 1

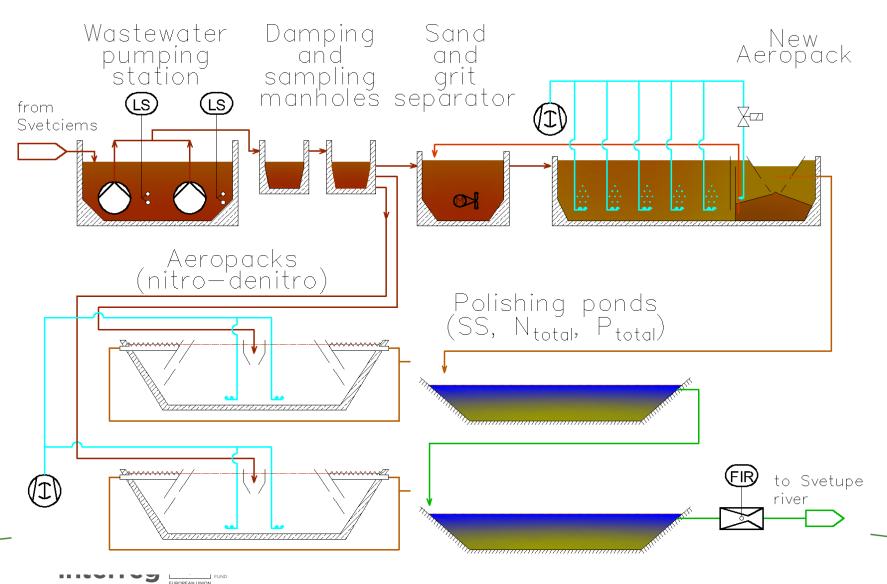
VillageWaters



Proposed solution – step 2

Baltic Sea Region

VillageWaters



Expected results

- Estimated volume of investments: 72 000 EUR
- Year of construction: 2018, Qn = 40 m³/day
- Type of WWTP: 1 × aeropacks with extended primary clarifier + biological polishing ponds (old ones treated)
- Treated water discharge: Svētupe river
- Power consumption: 70 kWh/day
- Processing of excessive sludge: evacuated to Salacgrīva WWTP
- Lifecycle: **30 years**
- Social impact: decreasing of WW cost



Progress as per February 2018

- Performed feasibility study
- WWTP is under development of design papers
- Designer company "EkoStandarts Tehnologijas"